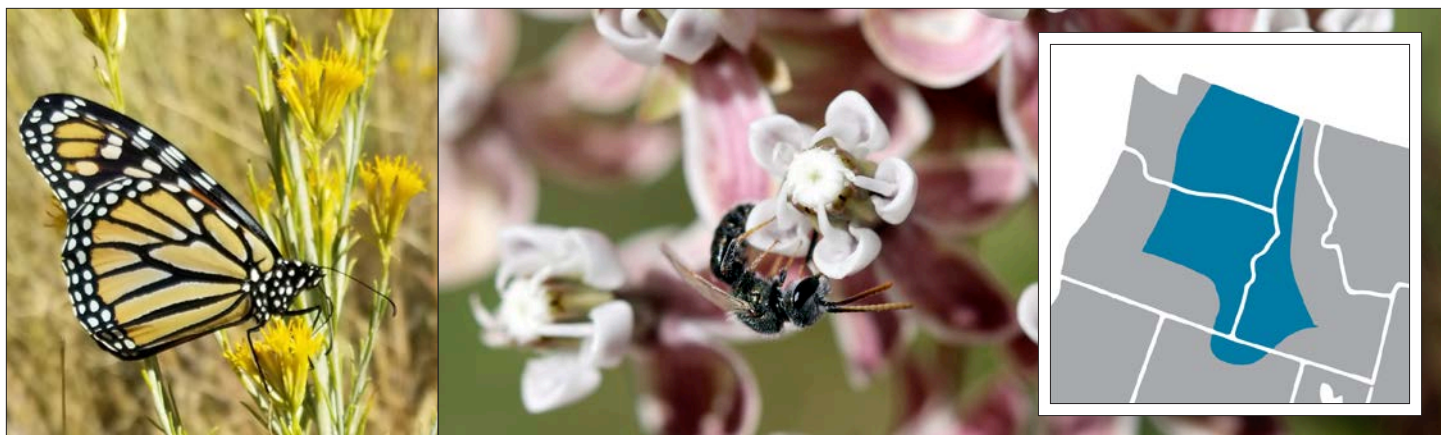


NATIVE PLANTS FOR POLLINATORS & BENEFICIAL INSECTS: Inland Northwest



LEFT—Monarch butterfly (*Danaus plexippus*) nectaring on *Ericameria nauseosa*. RIGHT—Tiny sweat bee on *Asclepias fascicularis*.

Plant Selection

These plants are attractive to a diversity of pollinators, providing pollen and nectar to bees, butterflies, flies, beetles, wasps, and moths. Some plants provide additional resources as caterpillar host plants or nesting sites and nesting materials for above-ground nesting bees. Many support specialist bees that require pollen from specific plants to survive and supplement beneficial insects that can help control pests of ornamental and crop plants. These plants are native to this region—determine if a species is native in your area at plants.usda.gov—and can be used to create or enhance pollinator habitat across rural and urban landscapes.

When purchasing plants, let your local garden center or nursery know you want plant material free of pesticides that may harm pollinators.

Resources

- ⇒ Pollinator Conservation Resource Center: xerces.org/pollinator-resource-center
- ⇒ Bring Back The Pollinators: BringBackthePollinators.org
- ⇒ Reducing Pesticide Use & Impacts: xerces.org/pesticides

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	BLOOM	LIFE	FORM	SUN	SOIL	ADDITIONAL DETAILS ①
<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	Common yarrow	MAY–JUL	P			D–M	
<i>Agastache urticifolia</i>★	Nettleleaf giant hyssop	JUN–AUG	P			M	
<i>Allium cernuum</i>	Nodding onion	JUL–AUG	P			D	
<i>Amelanchier alnifolia</i>★	Saskatoon serviceberry	JUN–JUL	P			D–M	
<i>Amsinckia menziesii</i>	Menzies' fiddleneck	APR–MAY	A			D	
<i>Asclepias fascicularis</i>	Mexican whorled milkweed	JUN–AUG	P			D–M	
<i>Asclepias speciosa</i>	Showy milkweed	MAY–SEP	P			M–W	
<i>Astragalus canadensis</i>	Canadian milkvetch	MAY–JUL	P			M	
<i>Balsamorhiza sagittata</i>	Arrowleaf balsamroot	MAY–JUN	P			D	
<i>Camassia quamash</i>★	Small camas	APR–JUN	P			M–W	
<i>Ceanothus sanguineus</i>	Redstem ceanothus	APR–MAY	P			D–M	
<i>Chaenactis douglasii</i>	Douglas' dustymaiden	JUN–JUL	B / P			D	

KEY LIFE: Annual Biennial Perennial SOIL: Dry Moist Wet ★ *Staff favorite* FORM: Forb Sedge Vine Cactus Shrub Grass Tree SUN: Full sun Partial sun Full shade ADD'L: Larval host (butterfly, moth) DETAILS: Supports specialist bee Attracts beneficial insects Bumble bee plant Nest site Nest thatch Deer resistant

Native Plants for Pollinators & Beneficial Insects: Inland Northwest *continued*

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	BLOOM	LIFE	FORM	SUN	SOIL	ADDITIONAL DETAILS ①
<i>Collomia grandiflora</i>	Grand collomia	JUN-JUL	A			D	
<i>Dalea ornata</i>	Blue Mountain prairie clover	MAY-JUL	P			D	
<i>Dasiphora fruticosa</i>★	Shrubby cinquefoil	MAY-JUL	P			M-W	
<i>Dieteria canescens</i>	Hoary tansyaster	AUG-OCT	A / P			D	
<i>Ericameria nauseosa</i>	Rubber rabbitbrush	AUG-OCT	P			D	
<i>Erigeron speciosus</i>	Aspen fleabane	JUL-SEP	P			M	
<i>Eriogonum</i> spp.	Wild buckwheat	JUN-NOV	P			D	
<i>Eriophyllum lanatum</i>	Common woolly sunflower	MAY-AUG	A / P			D	
<i>Festuca idahoensis</i>	Idaho fescue	JUN-JUL	P			D	
<i>Gaillardia aristata</i>★	Blanketflower	APR-MAY	P			D-M	
<i>Helianthus nuttallii</i>	Nuttall's sunflower	JUN-AUG	P			W	
<i>Heterotheca villosa</i>	Hairy false goldenaster	JUN-AUG	P			D	
<i>Koeleria macrantha</i>	Prairie Junegrass	MAY-JUN	P			D	
<i>Linum lewisii</i>	Lewis flax	MAY-SEP	P			D-M	
<i>Lomatium</i> spp.	Desert parsley	APR-JUN	P			D	
<i>Lupinus argenteus</i>	Silvery lupine	JUL-SEP	P			D	
<i>Lupinus sericeus</i>	Silky lupine	JUN-JUL	P			D	
<i>Mentzelia laevicaulis</i>	Smoothstem blazingstar	JUN-AUG	B / P			D	
<i>Monardella odoratissima</i>	Mountain monardella	JUN-AUG	P			D	
<i>Oenothera pallida</i>	Pale evening primrose	MAY-JUN	B / P			D	
<i>Penstemon speciosus</i>★	Royal penstemon	JUN-AUG	P			D	
<i>Peritoma serrulata</i>★	Rocky Mountain beeplant	JUN-JUL	A			D-M	
<i>Phacelia hastata</i>	Silverleaf phacelia	APR-MAY	P			D	
<i>Philadelphus lewisii</i>	Lewis' mock orange	MAY-JUN	P			D-M	
<i>Physocarpus malvaceus</i>	Mallow ninebark	MAY-JUN	P			D	
<i>Prunus virginiana</i>	Chokecherry	APR-MAY	P			M	
<i>Purshia tridentata</i>	Antelope bitterbrush	MAR-APR	P			D	
<i>Rhus glabra</i>	Smooth sumac	APR-MAY	P			D-M	
<i>Ribes aureum</i>★	Golden currant	APR-MAY	P			M	
<i>Rosa woodsii</i>★	Woods' rose	MAY-JUL	P			M	
<i>Rudbeckia occidentalis</i>	Western coneflower	JUL-OCT	P			M	
<i>Salix lasiolepis</i>	Arroyo willow	MAR-MAY	P			W	
<i>Salvia dorrii</i>★	Purple sage	MAY-JUN	P			D	
<i>Sambucus nigra</i> ssp. <i>cerulea</i>	Blue elderberry	JUN-JUL	P			M	
<i>Sisyrinchium idahoense</i>	Idaho blue-eyed grass	APR-MAY	P			M-W	
<i>Solidago missouriensis</i>★	Missouri goldenrod	JUL-SEP	P			D	
<i>Sphaeralcea munroana</i>	Munro's globemallow	APR-MAY	P			D	
<i>Symphotrichum</i> spp.	Asters	JUL-OCT	P / A			M-W	

KEY	LIFE: Annual	SOIL: Dry	★ Staff favorite	FORM: Forb	Cactus	Shrub	Vine	SUN: Full sun	ADD'L: Larval host (butterfly, moth)	Bumble bee plant	Nest thatch
	Biennial	Moist		Grass	Tree	Partial sun	Supports specialist bee	Nest site			
	Perennial	Wet				Full shade	Attracts beneficial insects	Deer resistant			

Acknowledgments

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We make the commitment to you that we will work every day to protect pollinators and their habitat. Will you support our work?
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